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## (54) Simulating steering feel system

(57) A simulated steering feel system 10 for use in a vehicle, Laboratory Simulator, or entertainment device

employs a servo disk motor 14. The servo disk motor 14 is utilized to impart improved torque feedback to a steering wheel or input device.

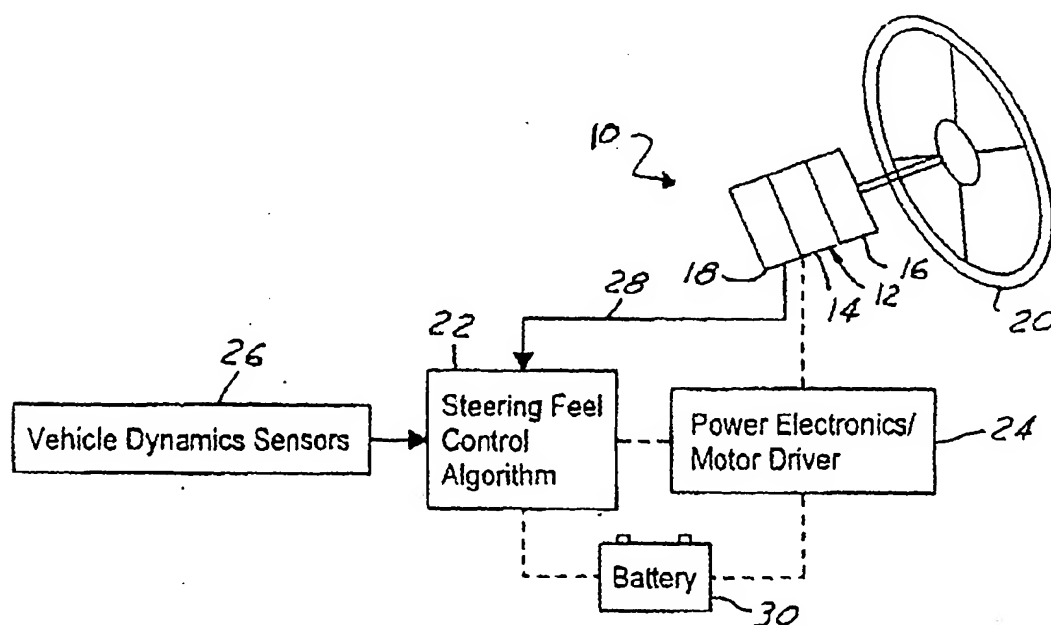


FIG. 1

## Description

### Technical Field

[0001] The present invention relates generally to a simulated steering feel system and more particularly to a simulated steering feel system utilizing a servo disk motor.

### Background Of The Invention

[0002] The use of simulated steering feel systems (SSFS) is well known in the prior art. SSFS's are presently used for a variety of applications including automotive drive simulators, engineering research tools, and entertainment devices. In addition, as advancements in automotive design continue to progress, advancements such as steer by wire (SBW) will likely require SSFS's in order to provide "road feel" or feedback response to a driver.

[0003] Although new improved uses of SSFS's will continue to develop, current SSFS can have undesirable characteristics. Current SSFS designs commonly use conventional brush or brushless electric motors. Such conventional electric motors can have disadvantages. Often conventional electric motors add undesirable weight to the SSFS's. Application work requirements can also lead to the need for undesirably large and heavy conventional motors. The high inertia of some conventional motors can also limit the acceleration capabilities of conventional motors and thereby limit the performance characteristics of the SSFS's in which they are used. In addition, conventional motors can create torque ripple or "cogging" effects which are highly undesirable.

[0004] It would, therefore, be highly desirable to have a simulated steering feel system with reduced size and weight and that contains further improvements over present SSFS designs utilizing conventional brush or brushless motors.

### Summary of the Invention

[0005] It is therefore an object of the present invention to provide a simulated steering feel system that allows for reduced size, increased performance, and eliminates cogging.

[0006] In accordance with the objects of the present invention, a simulated steering feel system is provided. A simulated steering feel system includes a servo disk motor. The servo disk motor is utilized to allow feedback torque to a steering wheel. Using this servo disk motor, road feel can be imparted to the steering wheel from a small reduced weight package with improved performance.

[0007] Other objects and features of the present invention will become apparent when viewed in light of the detailed description of the preferred embodiment when

taken in conjunction with the attached drawings and appended claims.

### Brief Description Of The Drawings

[0008]

FIGURE 1 is an embodiment of a simulated steering feel system in accordance with the present invention for use in an automobile; and

FIGURE 2 is an embodiment of a simulated steering feel system in accordance with the present invention for use in a driving simulator.

### Description Of The Preferred Embodiment(s)

[0009] Referring now to Figure 1, which is an illustration of an embodiment of a simulated steering feel system 10 in accordance with the present invention. The embodiment illustrated in Figure 1 is preferably for use in an automobile to be used in conjunction with the steer by wire system, although the illustrated embodiment can be used in conjunction with any automotive system where simulated steer feel is desired. In an alternate embodiment, whose descriptions will follow, the simulated steering feel system 10 can be used in a variety of applications, including applications independent of an automobile.

[0010] The simulated steering feel system 10 includes a servo disk actuator 12. In its basic form, the servo disk actuator 12 includes at least one servo disk motor 14. Servo disk motors are well known in the electronic industry. Servo disk motors are also commonly referred to as disk motors, printed circuit board motors, or pancake motors. One advantage of using a servo disk motor, is that servo disk motors provide higher torque with a smaller package than conventional electric motors. In addition, servo motors do not suffer from torque ripple or cogging effects commonly found in conventional electric motors. Servo disk motors also provide smoother torque with improved acceleration. Although the servo disk actuators 12 can include only a servo disk motor 14, alternate embodiments may include additional components.

[0011] In one embodiment, the servo disk actuator 12 can additionally include a torque multiplier 16. Torque multipliers are well known in the prior art. Torque multipliers 16 commonly consist of pulleys, belts, or gear reducers, although a variety of torque multipliers 16 are known. It is known that torque multipliers 16 can be combined with servo disk motors 14 to magnify the torque generated by the servo disk motor 14. It is known that torque multipliers 16 are available in a variety of reduction ratios. Common ranges of reduction ratios vary from 10:1 to 100:1, although additional reduction ratios are possible.

[0012] In still another embodiment, the servo disk actuator 12 can include a steering wheel sensor 18. The

steering wheel sensor 18 can be utilized to measure a variety of characteristics of a steering wheel 20 including, but not limited to, angle, velocity, acceleration, and torque of the steering wheel 20. In other embodiments, the steering wheel sensor 18 and the steering wheel 20 may be replaced by any known input device sensor (not shown) and corresponding input device (not shown) such as a joystick or similar game device.

[0013] The simulated steering feel system 10 can further include a steering feel control processor 22. In one embodiment, the steering feel control processor 22 is a dedicated processor utilized to control the servo disk motor 14. In alternate embodiments, the steering feel control processor 22 was simply the function of a larger automotive computer system.

[0014] Although the steering feel control processor 22 can be utilized to directly control the servo disk actuator 12, in alternate embodiments, a motor driver element 24 may be used in conjunction with the steering feel control processor 22 to control and power the servo disk motor 14. The simulated steering feel system 10 can additionally include at least one vehicle dynamic sensor 26. Vehicle dynamic sensors 26 can be used in a variety of automotive environmental conditions, including but not limited to, vehicle speed, vehicle acceleration, tire load, road feel, external temperature, surface friction, wheel slip angle, and wheel position. The steering feel control processor 22 uses information provided by the vehicle dynamic sensors 26 to determine an appropriate feedback torque or "road feel". The steering control processor 22 then utilizes servo disk actuator 12 to impart such "road feel" to the steering wheel 20 or other input device.

[0015] In an alternate embodiment, the steering feel control processor 22 may further receive steering wheel information 28 from the steering wheel sensor 18 and use this information in combination with the information provided by vehicle dynamic sensors 26 to create a closed loop system wherein "road feel" is further improved.

[0016] The use and feel of such steering feel control processors 22 is well known in the prior art. Although the simulated steering feel system 10 may be powered by a variety of sources, in one preferred embodiment, the simulated steering feel system 10 is powered by an automotive battery 30.

[0017] Although the simulated steering feel system 10 has thus far been described in terms of an in vehicle system, the simulated steering feel system 10 can be used in a variety of other applications. Such additional applications can include, but are not limited to, laboratory testing of steering feel tuning, automotive driving simulators, or entertainment devices (such as arcade games or home entertainment units). When used in such applications, a steering feel control processor 22 can be any controlling computer device. In addition, vehicle dynamic sensors 26 can be replaced by vehicle dynamic models 32, or other informational sources con-

taining information on "road feel" (see Figure 2). The vehicle dynamic models 32 can consist of automotive performance models or gaming simulation data, or a variety of other informational sources. In addition, in these embodiments, it is contemplated that the simulated steering feel system 10 may be powered by any acceptable power source.

[0018] While the invention has been described in connection with one or more embodiments, it is to be understood that the specific mechanisms and techniques which have been described are merely illustrative of the principles of the invention. Numerous modifications may be made to the methods and apparatus described without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as defined by the appended claims.

### Claims

1. A simulated steering feel system comprising:
  - a servo disk motor, said servo disk motor capable of imparting feedback torque to an input device.
2. A simulated steering feel system as described in claim 1 further comprising a steering feel control processor.
3. A simulated steering feel system as described in claim 1 further comprising at least one vehicle dynamic sensor.
4. A simulated steering feel system as described in claim 1 further comprising:
  - a torque multiplier, said torque multiplier utilized to magnify torque generated by said servo disk motor.
5. A simulated steering feel system as described in claim 4 wherein said torque multiplier is a gear reducer.
6. A simulated steering feel system as described in claim 1 wherein said input device is a steering wheel.
7. A simulated steering feel system as described in claim 1 further comprising a steering wheel sensor element.
8. A simulated steering feel system as described in claim 1 for use in a driving simulator.
9. A simulated steering feel system as described in claim 1 for use in an entertainment device.

10. A simulated steering feel system as described in claim 1 for use in an automobile in conjunction with a steer by wire system.

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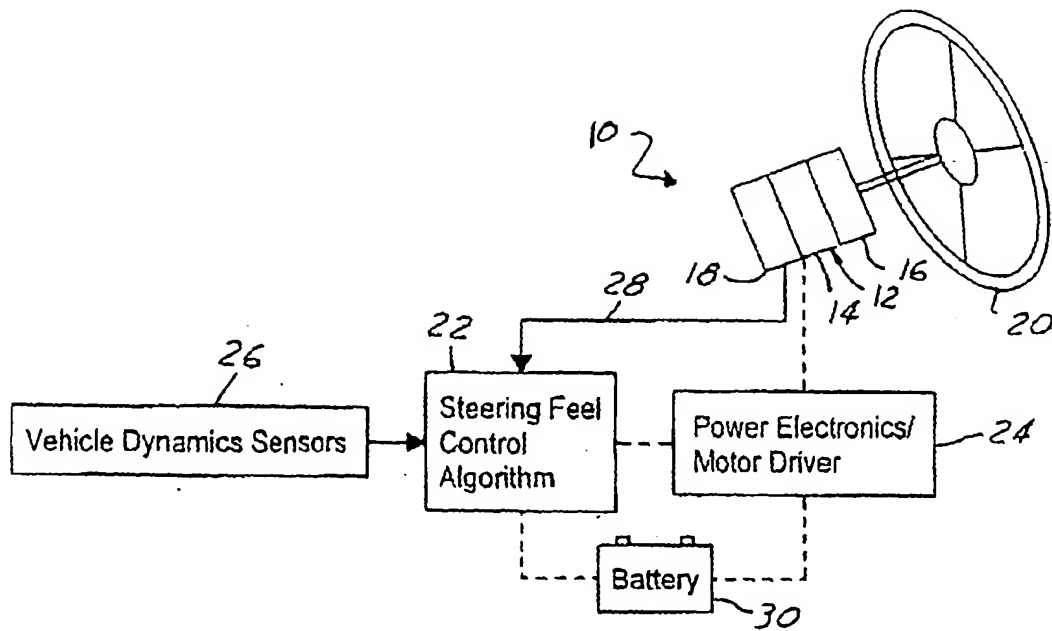


FIG. 1

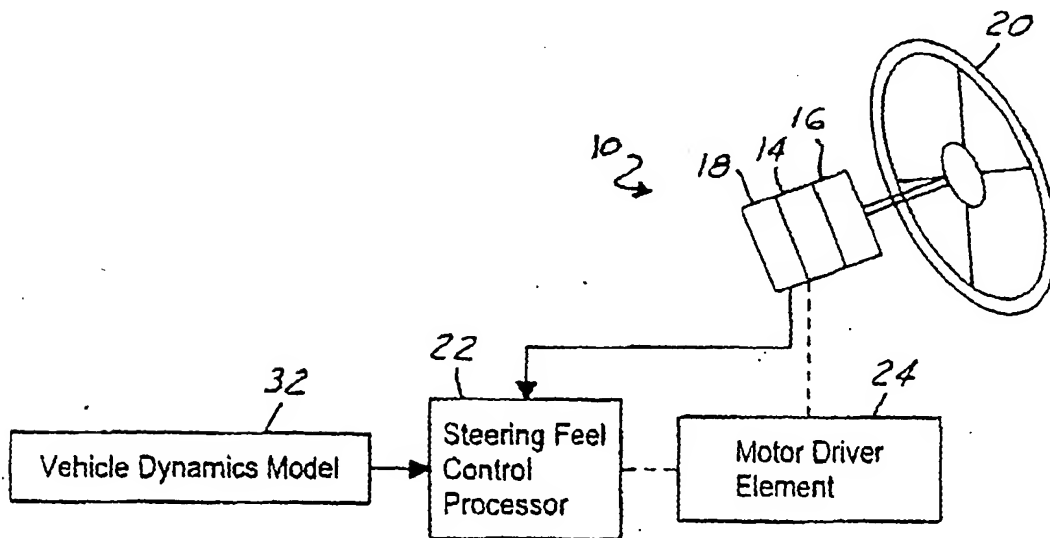


FIG. 2

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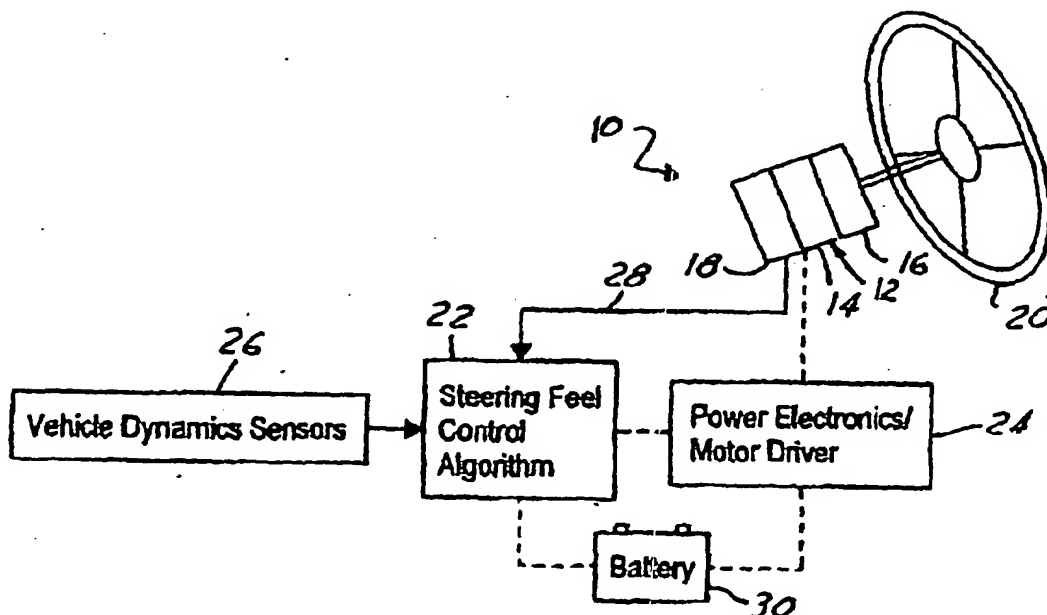
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**FIG. 1**



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## EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

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EP 01 12 5268

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Place of search		Date of completion of the search	Examiner
The Hague		8 December 2004	Daehnhardt, A
<p>CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS</p> <p>X: particularly relevant if taken alone Y: particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A: technological background O: non-written disclosure P: intermediate document</p> <p>T: theory or principle underlying the invention E: earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D: document cited in the application L: document cited for other reasons ..... &amp;: member of the same patent family, corresponding document</p>			

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